

# HOLLY SPRINGS GAZETTE.

T. A. FALCONER, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Holly Springs, Miss., Sept. 23, 1841.

## REPUBLICAN WHIG TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR.

DAVID O. SHATTUCK, of Carroll,

For Congress.

ADAM L. BINGAMAN, of Adams.  
WILLIAM R. HARLEY, of Marshall.

For Secretary of State.

LEWIS G. GALLOWAY, of Holmes.

For Auditor of Public Accounts.

HUGH STEWART, of Hinds.

For State Treasurer.

JOSHUA S. CURTIS, of Marshall.

For Attorney General.

ROBERT HUGHES, of Hinds.

For State Senator.

ALEXANDER B. LANE.

For County Representatives.

A. B. BRADFORD,

WILLIAM ARTHUR,

HARRIS O. ALLEN,

GEORGE H. WYATT.

We announce to-day the names of the gentlemen selected as candidates to represent this County in the next Legislature, by the Whig Delegates who met here on Saturday, the 18th instant. A better selection, we believe, could not have been made. They are all "good men and true"—men who will ably and creditably represent Marshall County, and in whose hands her interests and her honor will be safe. With such a ticket, we have no fears as to the result of the approaching contest. We expect that the opposition will battle desperately to regain the ground they have lost in the County, but they will find, in November, that in this case, "the battle is to the strong."

A writer in the Memphis Appeal, who rejoiceth in the *nomen* of FAYETTE, hath thought fit, in the superabundance of his wisdom, wit, knowledge, wrath, "smartness," and so forth, sorely to berate our remarks touching Mr. Tyler's veto, and to display on the occasion some rare scintillations of genius—all at our expense. He speaks of our article in such a tone of triumph as is usually exhibited by very small boys when they think they have discovered "a mare's nest," and with just about as much reason. How could you, friend Van Pelt, let loose upon us such a fierce little intellectual Samson as this same Fayette? Where were your bowels of compassion, when you consented to publish his annihilating communication? If you have any, they ought, surely, to have been *operated upon* by his drastic purgative. Pray, do "hold him off" hereafter. We offer a reward of two and sixpence to any person who will inform us of the name of the tribe of savages to which Fayette belongs. We have never yet heard of any tribe in North America who use "long bows" of such prodigious length as that which Fayette shoots with, or who dip their arrows in "die." Only see him shoot. He says that "every man (whig and democrat) expected him [Tyler] to veto the charter, if he was honest." "Whew!! what a specimen of veracity!" "Pray, mister" Fayette, did you expect that any body would believe such a bold and bald assertion as that in the very teeth of fact? Every man, woman and child in the country, knows that the currency question was that which mainly influenced the late change of Administration. Other questions, it is true, were agitated during the canvass, but to that question, all others were secondary and subordinate. The people could have endured the profligate expenditure of the public monies, so long as their individual purses were not directly violated by the hand of government;—they could have listened unmoved to the accounts of official misconduct and corruption, so long as their own private interests were not injuriously affected thereby; but when a long train of bungling experiments upon the currency had been made by the "tinkers" in power, and the consequences came home to every man's fire-side and pocket—when one universal scene of pecuniary distress was presented on every hand—when the whirlwind began to be reaped from the sowing of the wind—then, indeed, the people awoke to a sense of their danger and duty, and hurled from their seats the men who had so faithlessly abused their high and sacred trusts. A monetary reformation was that which was most anxiously looked for and loudly demanded by the people. President Tyler *knew* this. He knew that one of the most effective weapons used by us against our opponents, in the struggle that resulted in our triumph, was our urging it as the *duty* of the General Government to provide a sound and uniform circulating medium for the whole Union. He knew and has acknowledged, that the people had placed the ban of their disapproval upon the Sub-Treasury and the State Bank System. He knew, too, that those two schemes, and a National Bank, were the only means that have ever been employed, since the foundation of our Government, for carrying on and regulating the fiscal affairs of the country. Knowing all this, he could not *possibly* have supposed that the people wished to be launched again upon the boisterous sea of Experiment, upon which they had so lately experienced two shipwrecks—each so signally disastrous; he must have been well satisfied that they were weary of the whole system of experimenting and tinkering and finan-

cial quackery, and that they desired to be guided once more by the safe, clear, steady lights of experience. Even had there been room for doubt on that subject, the fact that a bank bill was passed by a large majority of the House of Representatives—fresh from the people—ought forever to have silenced any doubt that might have arisen. Under a full knowledge of this feeling on the part of the people, Mr. Tyler—who is indebted for his present official station to an act of God which was far from being anticipated by the American people—has set up his own individual will in opposition to that of the people, and placed his veto upon the only measure from which substantial and adequate relief, commensurate with the wishes and wants of the people, could reasonably be expected. Such conduct was not expected from the lamented HARRISON; and if, in Mr. T., it is not gross political treachery, we can conceive of nothing which might properly so be termed. But we have occupied more space with Fayette than we had intended, and "in taking leave, mister [Fayette], we recommend that you resort to a constant use of the straight-jacket, and have your head shaved; and that you do not hereafter "go out" without the knowledge of your "mamma." You have been so kind as to select a "classic couplet" for us to sing. In gratitude therefore we will tell you what you need *not* "betake yourself to singing," because the wish expressed in it has been gratified, "long time ago."

"Oh! I wish I was a geese,  
All forlorn, all forlorn,  
Oh! I wish I was a geese,  
All forlorn."

We listened, on Tuesday night, with much interest, to a speech delivered in the court-house by Mr. THOMPSON, one of the opposition candidates for Congress. His audience, owing to the unfavorable state of the weather, was not numerous, but the paucity of hearers did not seem to abate his usual democratic zeal. He spoke long, and on the whole, pretty well—for one who had so bad a cause to manage. It was a plausible, "sight-of-hand" speech—an elaborate but unsuccessful attempt "to make the worse appear the better reason." We found ourselves, more than once, fully prepared and altogether willing to admit his premises, but when he reached his conclusion he had left us far behind; we could not jump so far, against wind and tide. He disported himself at first with national politics—or what he has pleased to term such—and our readers may learn the nature of the charges made by him against the whigs by referring to late files of the Globe and Richmond Enquirer. We know it was unkind, but we could not help wishing that Mr. Harley's health had been such as would have enabled him to meet and reply to Mr. Thompson. The latter, indeed, the greater portion of Mr. Thompson's speech, related to the bond question. It was principally a repetition of his letter to S. P. Webster, of Vicksburg. The conclusion to which he came, was, that it would be very *wicked* to pay the bonds—it would be a flagrant enormity, a gross violation of the Constitution, a death-blow to liberty in Mississippi, &c. If Mr. Thompson rides that hobby over the State until the election, we think he will find it the most vicious nag and the hardest trotter that he ever has yet mounted.

Our news from Washington is up to the 8th Inst. at which time, the "Exchange Bank Bill" was still in the hands of the President. The next mail, we think, will bring his veto No. 2. The distribution Bill, has been sanctioned by President Tyler, and we suppose, has become a law.

MIDDLETON, SEPT. 6, 1841.

MR. EDITOR—I promised on journeying South, to write you an account of any thing worthy of observation. Now mark, I do so with the utmost modesty, without one thought of aspiring to the fame of a *modern traveller*. I have observed some things which are not entirely destitute of that interest which should characterize a "Gazette" of the times. It is true, that I am not now sitting and musing among the desolate ruins of Balbec, Palmyra, or Thebes; and there reading in the strong hand of Time the record of other ages. But there is something interesting to the observing, spread over the face of the whole earth,—from the little *truck-patch* neighborhoods, to the gorgeous palaces of crowded cities, where gilded spires glorify the heavens.

The roads I found in fine order, having been rain sufficient to lay the dust. The crops in the western part of La-Fayette county are desperate. I cannot here refrain from "speaking in the highest terms of the accommodation of the Oxford Inn. Mr. BUTLER, is a gentleman of great civility, and full of the spirit of entertainment. His house deserves well of the travelling public. As for this country down here, perhaps, Mr. Editor, it is the hilliest—any where! Just suppose the ocean to freeze over during a storm, and you have most strikingly the shape of this region. The crops, below Oxford are better than they are above, because, (I think) the principle part of the plantations are situated on the water courses,—and truly, it is a most delightfully watered section.

But there is one thing which characterizes the crops in that part, *that is*, they are—*mixed*! ("well what do you mean by that Mr. correspondent?") Don't be impatient Sir. I mean that the crops are corn and cotton *mixed* on the same land, of course, on account of there not being a good stand of cot-

ton in the first instance. I tarried for a night in Coffeeville, and there we had a little politics. The sovereigns thereabouts, talk of nothing else scarcely; they are decidedly desperate on the *veto*, and it is not confined to Whigs—The sentiment is fast tending to a respectful "notice to quit." Indeed something to be done is necessary. Can you arouse the Whigs of Marshall? You have no idea what a disposition there is in the people down here to look to the steps of Marshall on the political arena. Then, as that is the case, do for God's sake Mr. Editor, strive to keep her strait—let the Whigs wake up. The Gauls are on the walls. As Mr. TYLER has proved himself a *wooden horse*, let us hush a torch into every avenue of the city. If the Whigs will act right, they are not hurt!

Well, I saw a *bona fide*, first fight, on the Bond subject, and the Anti-bondman got *whipped badly*; and like to have lost his eyes. 'Twas indeed a little ungenuous in the bond payer, to interfere with the eyes of the anti, for in my opinion they see but poorly any how.

The counties I have travelled through, though you may look contemptuously on my range of information, yet they will vote for paying the bonds. Tell the Whigs, and the bond-men that victory holds her breath to raise the shout when *honour* triumphs! Good by'e,

ÆSOP.

[Æsop's epistle arrived too late for last week's paper.—He mustn't think we "sighted" him, but continue on his favors, which will be thankfully received.]

## REPUBLICAN WHIG CONVENTION.

At a Convention of Delegates from the several precincts in Marshall county, held at Holly Springs, on Saturday the 18th day of September, pursuant to previous notice; for the purpose of nominating suitable persons as candidates to represent this county in the next Legislature of Mississippi. HARDY H. WHITAKER, Esq. was called to the chair, and GEORGE W. SMITH, appointed Secretary. On motion of THOS. C. TRIMBLE, Esq. the Convention went into the selection of a candidate for Senator, *Whereupon* ALEXANDER B. LANE, Esq. was unanimously chosen by the Convention.

On motion of JOHN T. FINLEY, the convention proceeded to the selection by ballot, of four candidates, for members of the House of Representatives.—*Whereupon*, Gen. A. B. BRADFORD, WILLIAM ARTHUR, HARRIS O. ALLEN, and G. H. WYATT were duly chosen by the Convention on the first balloting.

On motion of T. B. COLEMAN, these nominations were unanimously adopted by the Convention.

On motion: It was resolved, That these proceedings, be signed by the Chairman and Secretary; and published in the newspapers of this place.

On motion, The Convention adjourned.

H. H. WHITAKER, Chairman.

GEO. W. SMITH, Sec.

We have inserted, (in to-days paper,) the letter of Charles Scott, on the subject of the Union Bank bonds; and we hope our readers will peruse it attentively. In treats fully and we think, fairly, of the whole transaction.—Read it will you?

Scandal once brought into active operation is almost incurable; it is a practice against which every man of mind should set his face determinedly, for there is no greater cause of conjugal neglect and domestic bitterness than gossiping.

Mr. Gilmer, an abstractionist, from Virginia, moved in the House that Grenough's statue of Washington be placed in one corner of the Rotunda. Now, as the rotunda happens to be made round, Mr. Stanley, of North Carolina, moved that three Virginia abstractionists be appointed a committee to find where the corner stood. *Sat. Ev. Visitor.*

A SOBER HUSBAND OR NONE.—At a great Temperance meeting at Monroe, N. York, the ladies (3000 in number) carried a banner, on which was inscribed,  
TOTAL ABSTINENCE,  
OR  
NO HUSBANDS.

*Ibid.*

FALL SOWING OF SEED.—Cobbett's American Gardener recommends the sowing of parsnips, carrots, beets, onions & many other things in the fall. He says, seed of all plants will lie safe in this way all winter, though the frost penetrate the distance of three feet beneath them, except the seeds of such plants as a slight frost will cut down. Try it.

## SAPPINGTON'S PILLS

200 BOXES Dr. JOHN SAPPINGTON'S genuine Anti Fever Pills, for sale by  
Sep 23—9w ROSS & ALDERSON.

## TRUST SALE.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to me by THOS. J. DYE, for certain purposes therein mentioned, and recorded in the Probate Clerk's office of the County of Marshall, in the State of Mississippi, on the 24. day of September, A. D. 1839, in Deed Book G. on page 256, I shall proceed to sell

On the first Monday after the fourth Monday in November 1841,

at the Court House door in the town of Holly Springs, to the highest bidder, the following described property to wit: the North half of Section 25 Town 4 Range 4 West of the basis meridian of the Chickasaw cession. The title to the above property is believed to be undoubted, but such title only will be made as is vested in me by said deed of Trust. Terms made known on the day of sale.

F. B. COLEMAN, Trustee.

September the 23rd, 1841.—9—tds.

## Memphis Market Sept.—23.

(Corrected weekly from the Memphis Enquirer.)

Cotton,	84 1/2	Molasses, " gal.	37 1/2
Bagging, pr. yd. Ky.	30	Nails, " lb.	7 1/2
Bale Rope, pr. lb. Ky.	13	Oils, Linseed, pr. gal.	137 1/2
Cheese, West'n. Resv. pr. lb.	10	Sy'm warr. pr. gal.	175 1/2
Candles, sperm,	55 1/2	Tanners' pr. bbl.	82 1/2
do. tallow mid.	14 1/2	White Lead, in oil, pr keg	82 1/2
Chocolate,	15 1/2	Bacon, hog round, " lb.	8 1/2
Coffee, Hav. and Green,	14 1/2	Bacon, pr. bbl.	41 1/2
do. Rio and Java,	20 1/2	Bark Pork,	7 1/2
Fish, Mack'l. no. 1 pr. bbl.	83 1/2	Lard, pr. lb.	13 1/2
do. " 2	17 1/2	Potatoes, Irish, pr. bbl.	130 1/2
do. " 3	14 1/2	Porter, London, pr. doz.	8 1/2
Dried Herring, pr. box,	100 1/2	do. Pilsburg, pr. bbl.	81 1/2
Butter, Fresh, pr. lb.	12 1/2	Rice, pr. lb.	5 1/2
Ferkin, " "	10 1/2	Salt, gr. alum, pr. sack	82 1/2
Goshen, " "	30 1/2	do. Liv. Blown, sack	85 1/2
Flour, pr. bbl.	97 1/2	do. Kansas, pr. bbl.	50 1/2
Corn Meal, pr. bushel,	75	do. Spanish, pr. bbl.	100 1/2
Corn, " "	40 1/2	Sugar, pr. box,	21 1/2
Gunpowder, pr. keg	88 1/2	Sugar, pr. lb.	7 1/2
Hay pr. 100 lbs.	81	do. Leaf, pr. lb.	18 1/2
Iron, bar, pr. lb.	6 1/2	Tobacco, Ky. pr. lb.	10 1/2
Castings, " "	4 1/2	do. Va. " "	40 1/2
Lead, bar, " "	8 1/2	Whiskey, Rect. pr. gal.	23 1/2
Lime, " bbl.	8 1/2		

The Funeral of the Rev. JOHN N. HOLLAND, will be preached, on Sunday next, at the Methodist Episcopal Church in this place, by the Rev. Mr. THWEAT.

## Obituary.

[COMMUNICATED.]

DIED.—In this county on Friday 17th inst. of Congestive Fever, at 7 o'clock, A. M. THOMAS F. HUNT, aged twelve years. He was the pride of his fond parents, and promised much to their future happiness; but Death in his insatiable career, has deprived them of that happiness, and cast a gloom over their feelings which Time cannot efface.

DIED.—On the 18th instant, between 4 and 5 o'clock, P. M. Rev. MALCOLM McPHERSON, formerly of South Carolina, Presiding Elder of the Holly Springs District.

## TRUST SALE.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to me by E. T. COLLINS and A. CAMPBELL, and recorded in the Probate Clerk's office of the county of Marshall, in the State of Mississippi, on the 13th day of July, A. D. 1840, in Deed book H. on pages 123 and 126, I shall proceed,

On Monday the 20th day of April, A. D. 1842 at the Court House door in the town of Holly Springs, Miss. to sell for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described property, with the valuable improvements thereon, situated in the town of Holly Springs,—to wit: Lots No. 7 & 16 and the Eastern portion of Lots No. 8 & 15, as represented in the plan of the town of Holly Springs; on Section No. 31, Township No. 3, Range No. 2 West. The title is believed to be undoubted, but such title only will be made as is vested in me by said deed of trust.

September the 23d, 1841.—7—tds.

O. DAVIS, Trustee.

## PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of two several deeds, bearing date respectively on the 31st May and 1st June, 1841, executed by Andrew R. Gorman, late of Marshall, to the undersigned as Trustee, and for the purposes and considerations in the said deeds mentioned, we shall proceed to sell at auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Thursday the 1st day of November, 1841, at Snowdon, the late residence of the said Gorman, in the county aforesaid, all of the said Gorman's stock of blood and work horses, mules, cattle, hogs and plantation movables of every description; together with a carriage and harness—his household furniture, one silver and two gold watches.

We would particularly invite the attention of patrons of the Turf and Sportsmen to the very large and valuable collection of stallions, brood mares and colts, several of which are now in training and will be in fine running condition by the day of sale. Although the Terms of the deed require that the sale shall be made for cash, yet arrangements are now in progress by which it is supposed that some indulgence as to time can be offered to purchasers.

W. CRUMP,

E. PUGH DAVES,

Marshall Co., Miss., sept. 16, 1841.—8—tds.

## NOTICE.

On the 28th day of June, 1841, The Hon. Probate Court of Marshall County, State of Mississippi, granted to the undersigned, Letters of Administration on the estate of William C. Cunningham, deceased, and appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant resides beyond the limits of this State, so that the ordinary process of this court cannot be served upon him. It is therefore ordered by the court that unless the said defendant appear before this court at the next term of said court to be held for the county of Tiptah, in the State of Mississippi, in the town of Ripley, on the last Monday in September next, and plead, or answer that a hearing on the facts charged in complainant's bill will be had, and the allegations therein contained taken as confessed. It is further ordered that this order be published for three months in a newspaper published in the town of Holly Springs in said State.

A true copy from the Minutes. Test.

HARDY W. STRICKLE, CTK.

On Monday, the 8th day of November, 1841, I will offer for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the Court House door in Holly Springs, Section No. 17, Town 3, Range 4 West of the Basis Meridian of the Chickasaw Cession—conveyed to me as trustee by Tandy K. Young, on the 19th day of November, 1839, to secure the payment of certain moneys to John Anders. I will convey to the purchaser only such title as is vested in me.

ANDREW NORRIS,

September 1, 1841.

## State of Mississippi, Tiptah County.

Circuit Court, March Term, 1841.

Mary Kendrick,

vs. Jesse Kendrick.

Bill for a Divorce.

THIS day came the Complainant, by her attorney, and the said complainant having filed her bill of complaint against the said defendant, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant resides beyond the limits of this State, so that the ordinary process of this court cannot be served upon him. It is therefore ordered by the court that unless the said defendant appear before this court at the next term of said court to be held for the county of Tiptah, in the State of Mississippi, in the town of Ripley, on the last Monday in September next, and plead, or answer that a hearing on the facts charged in complainant's bill will be had, and the allegations therein contained taken as confessed. It is further ordered that this order be published for three months in a newspaper published in the town of Holly Springs in said State.

A true copy from the Minutes. Test.

HARDY W. STRICKLE, CTK.

Thompson & Davis, Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

## L. CAGE & CO.

WOULD inform the public that they have removed to the store adjoining the UNION HOUSE, (CHAFFIN'S). That they have received, and will keep constantly on hand, a large and complete supply of

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Dye-Stuffs, Surgical Instruments, &c. &c. &c.

All of which they intend to sell for Cash,—at prices lower than can be purchased at any other house in the South. Particular attention paid to the preparing and putting up of Physicians orders, and prescriptions.

Holly Springs, April, 1841.